

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS
Meeker and Stearns Counties, Minnesota
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014**

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS
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**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**ELECTED OFFICIALS AND ADMINISTRATION
December 31, 2014**

<u>Elected Officials</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Pete Korman	Mayor	December 31, 2014
Kevon Gabrelcik	Council Member	December 31, 2014
Dan Thielen	Council Member	December 31, 2014
Jeff Bradshaw	Council Member	December 31, 2016
Mark Kern	Council Member	December 31, 2016
<u>Administration</u>		
Mona Haag	City Clerk/Treasurer	Appointed



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members
of the City Council
City of Eden Valley
Eden Valley, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Water, Sewer and Senior Housing Enterprise Funds (Enterprise Funds) of the City of Eden Valley, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related Notes to the Financial Statements, as listed in the Table of Contents.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements referred to above present only the City's Enterprise Funds and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City as a whole as of December 31, 2014, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based in our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Enterprise Funds of the City of Eden Valley, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2014, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.


Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2015 on our consideration of the City of Eden Valley's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Eden Valley's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.


KERN, DEWENTER, VIERE, LTD.
St. Cloud, Minnesota
March 26, 2015

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS
December 31, 2014**

	Water (510)	Sewer (520)	Senior Housing (530)	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Investments (Including Cash Equivalents)	\$ 287,890	\$ 318,324	\$ 21,142	\$ 627,356
Special Assessments Receivable:				
Delinquent	3,308	7,719	-	11,027
Deferred	20,519	39,313	-	59,832
Accounts Receivable	36,200	31,352	-	67,552
Loan Receivable	71,500	-	-	71,500
Due from Other Governments	8,330	-	2,907	11,237
Total Current Assets	<u>427,747</u>	<u>396,708</u>	<u>24,049</u>	<u>848,504</u>
Noncurrent Assets				
Loan Receivable	410,000	-	-	410,000
Capital Assets:				
Land and Land Improvements	12,399	230,739	25,666	268,804
Buildings	19,247	136,127	785,708	941,082
Systems and Other Improvements	2,845,693	4,151,273	-	6,996,966
Furniture, Machinery and Equipment	38,363	7,436	7,205	53,004
Total Capital Assets	2,915,702	4,525,575	818,579	8,259,856
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(605,037)	(2,652,389)	(311,329)	(3,568,755)
Net Capital Assets	2,310,665	1,873,186	507,250	4,691,101
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>2,720,665</u>	<u>1,873,186</u>	<u>507,250</u>	<u>5,101,101</u>
 Total Assets	 <u>\$ 3,148,412</u>	 <u>\$ 2,269,894</u>	 <u>\$ 531,299</u>	 <u>\$ 5,949,605</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$ 13,873	\$ 717	\$ 2,805	\$ 17,395
Deposits Payable	-	-	12,981	12,981
Salaries and Benefits Payable	794	-	-	794
Interest Payable	10,353	3,832	778	14,963
Compensated Absences Payable - Current	1,851	1,851	-	3,702
PFA Loans Payable - Due Within One Year	165,000	51,000	-	216,000
Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year	-	-	47,000	47,000
Total Current Liabilities	<u>191,871</u>	<u>57,400</u>	<u>63,564</u>	<u>312,835</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Bonds Payable - Due Within More than One Year	-	-	312,000	312,000
PFA Loans Payable - Due Within More than One Year	1,882,823	901,927	-	2,784,750
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>1,882,823</u>	<u>901,927</u>	<u>312,000</u>	<u>3,096,750</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>2,074,694</u>	<u>959,327</u>	<u>375,564</u>	<u>3,409,585</u>
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	334,342	920,259	148,250	1,402,851
Unrestricted	739,376	390,308	7,485	1,137,169
Total Net Position	<u>1,073,718</u>	<u>1,310,567</u>	<u>155,735</u>	<u>2,540,020</u>
 Total Liabilities and Net Position	 <u>\$ 3,148,412</u>	 <u>\$ 2,269,894</u>	 <u>\$ 531,299</u>	 <u>\$ 5,949,605</u>

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES
IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014**

	Water (510)	Sewer (520)	Senior Housing (530)	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$ 243,061	\$ 155,669	\$ 128,145	\$ 526,875
Connection Fees	3,692	-	-	3,692
Special Assessments	2,534	4,311	-	6,845
Total Operating Revenues	<u>249,287</u>	<u>159,980</u>	<u>128,145</u>	<u>537,412</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and Benefits	57,589	42,186	5,703	105,478
Operating Supplies	13,064	1,829	1,731	16,624
Repairs and Maintenance	32,925	32,644	9,131	74,700
Professional Services	10,897	15,087	16,480	42,464
Utilities	20,469	10,747	14,840	46,056
Depreciation	38,655	54,244	19,643	112,542
Miscellaneous Expenses	13,995	5,391	5,030	24,416
Total Operating Expenses	<u>187,594</u>	<u>162,128</u>	<u>72,558</u>	<u>422,280</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	61,693	(2,148)	55,587	115,132
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment Income	3,134	3,928	-	7,062
Refunds and Reimbursements	345	-	-	345
Miscellaneous Revenue	730	9,319	3,182	13,231
Interest Expense	(16,466)	(12,183)	(10,275)	(38,924)
Capital Outlay	-	-	(2,935)	(2,935)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>(12,257)</u>	<u>1,064</u>	<u>(10,028)</u>	<u>(21,221)</u>
Income before Transfers and Capital Contributions	49,436	(1,084)	45,559	93,911
Capital Contributions to Governmental Activities	(220,355)	(79,980)	-	(300,335)
Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,500)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,500)</u>
Change in Net Position	(170,919)	(90,564)	45,559	(215,924)
NET POSITION				
Beginning of Year	<u>1,244,637</u>	<u>1,401,131</u>	<u>110,176</u>	<u>2,755,944</u>
End of Year	<u><u>\$ 1,073,718</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,310,567</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 155,735</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,540,020</u></u>

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014**

	Water (510)	Sewer (520)	Senior Housing (530)	Total
CASH FLOWS - OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 250,190	\$ 160,557	\$ 128,145	\$ 538,892
Payments to Suppliers	(81,853)	(65,537)	(47,653)	(195,043)
Payments to Employees	(56,331)	(41,873)	(5,810)	(104,014)
Net Cash Flows - Operating Activities	<u>112,006</u>	<u>53,147</u>	<u>74,682</u>	<u>239,835</u>
CASH FLOWS - NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Miscellaneous Revenue	1,075	9,319	3,588	13,982
Transfer to Other Funds	-	(9,500)	-	(9,500)
Net Cash Flows - Noncapital Financing Activities	<u>1,075</u>	<u>(181)</u>	<u>3,588</u>	<u>4,482</u>
CASH FLOWS - CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Principal Paid on Debt	(160,329)	(46,625)	(47,000)	(253,954)
Loan Repayment Proceeds	69,500	-	-	69,500
Interest Paid on Debt	(18,640)	(11,655)	(9,911)	(40,206)
Acquisition of Capital Assets	-	-	(2,935)	(2,935)
Net Cash Flows - Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(109,469)</u>	<u>(58,280)</u>	<u>(59,846)</u>	<u>(227,595)</u>
CASH FLOWS - INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and Dividends Received	<u>3,134</u>	<u>3,928</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,062</u>
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>6,746</u>	<u>(1,386)</u>	<u>18,424</u>	<u>23,784</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of Year	<u>281,144</u>	<u>319,710</u>	<u>2,718</u>	<u>603,572</u>
End of Year	<u>\$ 287,890</u>	<u>\$ 318,324</u>	<u>\$ 21,142</u>	<u>\$ 627,356</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS - OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 61,693	\$ (2,148)	\$ 55,587	\$ 115,132
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows - Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense	38,655	54,244	19,643	112,542
Accounts Receivable	(484)	(7,449)	-	(7,933)
Special Assessments Receivable	2,373	8,026	-	10,399
Due from Other Governments	(986)	-	-	(986)
Accounts Payable	9,551	64	(441)	9,174
Salaries Payable	794	-	(107)	687
Compensated Absences Payable	410	410	-	820
Total Adjustments	<u>50,313</u>	<u>55,295</u>	<u>19,095</u>	<u>124,703</u>
Net Cash Flows - Operating Activities	<u>\$ 112,006</u>	<u>\$ 53,147</u>	<u>\$ 74,682</u>	<u>\$ 239,835</u>
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Contribution of Capital Assets from Governmental Activities	\$ 197,821	\$ 227,060	\$ -	\$ 424,881
Debt Related to Contributed Capital Assets	<u>(418,176)</u>	<u>(307,040)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(725,216)</u>
Net Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities	<u>\$ (220,355)</u>	<u>\$ (79,980)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (300,335)</u>

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Eden Valley is a statutory city governed by an elected mayor and four council members. The accompanying financial statements present the government entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

The accounting policies of the enterprise funds activities conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

B. Basis of Reporting

These financial statements are those of the Enterprise Funds activities only. The Water, Sewer and Senior Housing Enterprise Funds are enterprises of the City.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets, including capital assets, and all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, associated with their activity are included on their Balance Sheets. The reported fund equity is segregated into restricted, unrestricted and net investment on capital assets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expense generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The City's Enterprise Funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting; revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Description of Funds:

Proprietary Funds:

Water Fund – This Fund accounts for the operations of the City's water utility.

Sewer Fund – This Fund accounts for the operations of the City's sewer utility.

Senior Housing – This Fund accounts for the activities and operation of the City's senior housing facility.

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

1. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Minnesota Statutes authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, shares of investment companies whose only investments are in the aforementioned securities, obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities, bankers' acceptances, future contracts, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements and commercial paper of the highest quality with a maturity of no longer than 270 days and in the Minnesota Municipal Investment Pool. Investments are stated at fair value.

The Minnesota Municipal Investment Pool (4M) is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the same regulatory rules of the SEC under Rule 2.a.7. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City has adopted a deposit policy to address custodial credit risk for deposits that matches *Minnesota Statutes* requirement that deposits are collateralized at 110% of excess over Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that correlates with managing exposure to fair value arising from increasing interest rates. The City's policy manages this by giving guidance on the safety of investing and managing the liquidity of the portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that correlates with managing exposure to fair value arising from increasing interest rates. The City's policy manages this by giving guidance on the safety of investing and managing the liquidity of the portfolio.

Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to be in the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's policy limits investments to shares of the 4M Fund, direct obligations of the Department of the Treasury of the U.S. Government and federal agency issues which are guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies as to principal and interest and general obligations of the State of Minnesota and local governments with taxing powers, which is rated A or better by a national bond rating service, provided no single issue exceeds \$ 200,000 with maturities not exceeding seven years.

Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk that limits the amount the City may invest in any one issuer. The City's investment policy states investments shall be diversified to minimize credit risk; specifically, no more than 5% of the investment portfolio will be invested in the securities of a single issuer.

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position (Continued)

1. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires all investments to be insured.

2. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable at December 31, 2014, were due from the City of Watkins, Minnesota, for their share of Public Facilities Authority (PFA) water system improvements. The receivable scheduled maturity is half of the underlying 1999 and 2000 PFA debt obligations listed in Note 5, and totals \$ 481,500 at December 31, 2014.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported only for the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 5,000 to \$ 100,000, depending on the classification, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method for 5 to 50 years depending on the classification.

4. Vacation Leave

The City compensates employees who either retire or terminate for their unused vacation time. As of December 31, 2014, the total liability for vacation pay was \$ 3,702 in the Water and Sewer Funds.

5. Long-Term Obligations

In the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position (Continued)

6. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position are reported as restricted in the government-wide financial statement when there are limitations on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

As of December 31, 2014, the City's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk because the balance was insured through the FDIC with collateral pledged by the depository for amounts exceeding FDIC coverage.

As of December 31, 2014, the City's Enterprise Funds had deposits as follows:

Checking	<u>\$ 67,296</u>
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**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014**

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

B. Investments

As of December 31, 2014, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities			Ratings
		1 Year or Less	1-2 Years	3-5 Years	
Pooled:					
Brokered Certificate of Deposits	\$ 1,229,052	\$ 201,641	\$ 163,734	\$ 863,677	N/A
Brokered Money Market	1,982	1,982	-	-	AAA
4M Money Market	419,317	419,317	-	-	N/A
Total Pooled Investments:	1,650,351	622,940	163,734	863,677	
Capital Projects Non-Pooled:					
4M Money Market	129,065	129,065	-	-	N/A
Total	<u>\$ 1,779,416</u>	<u>\$ 752,005</u>	<u>\$ 163,734</u>	<u>\$ 863,677</u>	
	Maturity		Maximum Investments		
	1 Year or Less		42%		
	1-2 Years		9%		
	3-5 Years		49%		

The Enterprise Funds' portion of the investments was \$ 560,060.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City was exposed to this risk as the following certificates of deposits exceeded 5% of total investments: GE Cap Finl Inc Retail, GE Capital Retail Bank, State Bank of India, Midfirst Bank, World Financial Network Bank, Amex Centurion, Goldman Sachs, Sallie Mae, Synchrony BK and Cit Salt Lake City.

C. Deposits and Investments

Total deposits and investments are as follows:

Deposits	\$ 67,296
Investments	<u>560,060</u>
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$ 627,356</u>

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014**

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

C. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Deposits and investments are classified in the December 31, 2014 financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds:

Cash and Investments (Including Cash Equivalents)	<u><u>\$ 627,356</u></u>
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NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 268,804	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 268,804
Construction in Progress	<u>639,447</u>	<u>424,881</u>	<u>1,064,328</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	<u>908,251</u>	<u>424,881</u>	<u>1,064,328</u>	<u>268,804</u>
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Buildings	941,082	-	-	941,082
Distribution Systems	5,932,638	1,064,328	-	6,996,966
Equipment	<u>53,004</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>53,004</u>
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	<u>6,926,724</u>	<u>1,064,328</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,991,052</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	415,115	21,665	-	436,780
Distribution Systems	3,009,214	89,241	-	3,098,455
Equipment	<u>31,884</u>	<u>1,636</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,520</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>3,456,213</u>	<u>112,542</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,568,755</u>
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	<u>3,470,511</u>	<u>951,786</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,422,297</u>
Capital Assets, Net	<u><u>\$ 4,378,762</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,376,667</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,064,328</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 4,691,101</u></u>

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014**

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Depreciation expense was charged to the following Funds:

Water	\$ 38,655
Sewer	54,244
Senior Housing	<u>19,643</u>
Total Depreciation - Enterprise Funds	<u><u>\$ 112,542</u></u>

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND BALANCES

A. Transfers

During 2014, the Sewer Fund transferred \$ 9,500 to the 2007 Improvement Bond Fund to assist with debt service payments.

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Components of Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of bonds payable transactions of the Enterprise Funds for the year ended December 31, 2014.

	Issue Year	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Final Maturity	Principal Outstanding	Due Within One Year
Long-Term Liabilities:						
General Obligation (G.O.) Development						
Revenue Refunding Bonds 2013C	2013	2.60%	\$ 406,000	2021	\$ 359,000	\$ 47,000
PFA G.O. Water Revenue Note/DWRF Loan	1999	3.16%	1,881,057	2020	700,000	108,000
PFA G.O. Water Revenue Note/DWRF Loan	2000	2.32%	644,890	2021	263,000	35,000
PFA G.O. Water Revenue Note/DWRF Loan	2009	1.00%	286,461	2029	221,000	14,000
PFA G.O. Sewer Revenue Note/CWRF Loan	2009	1.74%	660,457	2029	510,000	30,000
PFA Drinking Water Forgivable Grant	2013	0.00%	697,316	2033	697,316	-
PFA G.O. Water Revenue Note/DWRF Loan	2013	1.00%	174,329	2033	166,507	8,000
PFA G.O. Sewer Revenue Note/CWRF Loan	2013	1.46%	470,625	2033	442,927	21,000
Compensanted Absences					<u>3,702</u>	<u>3,702</u>
Total all Long-Term Liabilities					<u><u>\$ 3,363,452</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 266,702</u></u>

On September 11, 2013, the City issued a PFA Drinking Water Forgivable Grant that is not required to be repaid by the City except if conditions of the agreement are not met. At December 31, 2014, the City had expended the full grant. Since the City anticipates that this debt will be forgiven, it is not included in the amortization schedules.

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014**

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Components of Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

On September 11, 2013, the City issued a \$ 174,329 G.O. Water Revenue Note through the Minnesota Public Facilities Authority (PFA). At December 31, 2014, the City had only expended \$ 173,836 of this PFA Drinking Water Revolving Loan. The amortization schedule included on page 26 represents the entire note liability of \$ 174,329. The remaining balance is expected to be drawn in 2015.

On September 11, 2013, the City issued a \$ 470,625 G.O. Sewer Revenue Note through the Minnesota PFA. At December 31, 2014, the City had only expended \$ 459,552 of this PFA Clean Water Revolving Loan. The amortization schedule included on the following page represents the entire note liability of \$ 470,625. The remaining balance is expected to be drawn in 2015.

The Water Fund is responsible for payment of the PFA Drinking Water Revolving Loans, the Sewer Fund is responsible for payment of the PFA Clean Water Revolving Loan and the Senior Housing Fund is responsible for paying the revenue bond liability.

The following is a summary of bonds payable transactions of the business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2014.

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:				
G.O. Revenue Bonds	\$ 406,000	\$ -	\$ (47,000)	\$ 359,000
PFA G.O. Forgivable Grant	443,976	253,340	-	697,316
PFA G.O. Revenue Notes/Loans	2,038,512	471,876	(206,954)	2,303,434
Compensated Absences	2,882	3,587	(2,767)	3,702
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 2,891,370</u>	<u>\$ 728,803</u>	<u>\$ (256,721)</u>	<u>\$ 3,363,452</u>

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt outstanding are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Revenue Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 47,000	\$ 9,334	\$ 56,334
2016	49,000	8,112	57,112
2017	50,000	6,838	56,838
2018	51,000	5,538	56,538
2019	53,000	4,212	57,212
2020-2021	109,000	4,264	113,264
Total	<u>\$ 359,000</u>	<u>\$ 38,298</u>	<u>\$ 397,298</u>

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014**

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Components of Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Year Ending December 31,	PFA Note		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 216,000	\$ 47,548	\$ 263,548
2016	221,000	42,484	263,484
2017	227,000	37,074	264,074
2018	232,000	31,483	263,483
2109	236,000	25,771	261,771
2020-2024	607,000	65,753	672,753
2025-2029	432,000	28,775	460,775
2030-2033	144,000	4,876	148,876
Total	<u>\$ 2,315,000</u>	<u>\$ 283,764</u>	<u>\$ 2,598,764</u>

NOTE 6 –PENSION PLANS

Public Employees’ Retirement Association

A. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by defined benefit plans administered by the Public Employees’ Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees’ Retirement Fund (GERF) and the Public Employees’ Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These Plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes* Chapters 353 and 356.

GERF members belong to either the Coordinated or Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. All police officers, firefighters and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by PEPFF.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute and vest after five years of credited service. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member’s highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age and years of credit at termination of service.

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014**

NOTE 6 –PENSION PLANS

Public Employees’ Retirement Association (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA’s Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2% of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 2.7% for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2% of average salary for each of the first 10 years and 1.7% for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7% of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7% for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For PEPFF members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0% for each year of service. For all GERF and PEPFF members hired prior to July 1, 1989, whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is 55 for PEPFF and 65 for Basic and Coordinated Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989. Normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66 for Coordinated Plan members hired on or after July 1, 1989. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

There are different types of annuities available to members upon retirement. A single-life annuity is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree – no survivor annuity is payable. There are also various types of joint and survivor annuity options available which will be payable over joint lives. Members may also leave their contributions in the Fund upon termination of public service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Refunds of contributions are available at any time to members who leave public service, but before retirement benefits begin.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active Plan participants.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GERF and PEPFF. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org, by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, #200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088 or by calling (651) 296-7460 or (800) 652-9026.

B. Funding Policy

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. These Statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The City makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. GERF Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.1% and 6.25%, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2014. PEPFF members were required to contribute 10.2% of their annual covered salary in 2014. In 2014, the City was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll: 11.78% for Basic Plan members and 7.25% for Coordinated Plan members and 15.3% for PEPFF members. The City’s contributions to the Public Employees’ Retirement Fund for the years ending December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$ 12,122, \$ 12,236 and \$ 15,174, respectively. The City’s contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute. Contribution rates will increase on January 1, 2015 in the Coordinated Plan (6.5% for members and 7.5% for employers).

**CITY OF EDEN VALLEY
ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2014**

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. In order to protect against these risks of loss, the City purchases commercial insurance through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), which is a public entity risk pool. This pool currently operates common risk management and insurance programs for municipal entities. The City pays an annual premium to the LMCIT for its insurance coverage. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through commercial companies for excess claims. The City is covered through the pool for any claims incurred but unreported; however, retains risk for the deductible portion of its insurance policies. The amounts of these deductibles are considered immaterial to the financial statements.

The City's workers' compensation insurance policy is retrospectively rated. With this type of policy, final premiums are determined after loss experience, workers' compensation rates and salaries are known for the year. The final premium adjustment was recorded in the year the adjustment was made.

During the year ended December 31, 2014, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENT

The City entered into a contract with Kuechle Underground, Inc., for the construction of underground water and sewer lines, and road reconstruction. The project was approved for \$ 3,086,890 and the remaining commitment on the contract is \$ 119,646.

NOTE 9 – NEW STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET IMPLEMENTED

GASB Statement No. 68 replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to governments that provide pensions through pension plans administered as trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits.

GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, requires that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning new pension liability. The provisions of this Statement should be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement 68 which is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014.